

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

Vol. III—No. 25

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA — FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1946.

Provincial Library
Edmonton, Alberta

Dec. 46

TOYNSF

\$1.50 a Year

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR

**Edith's
Clothing Store**

Edith Kurts, Proprietress
Crossfield Alberta

George Becker

CABINET MAKER

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLACE
YOUR ORDER IN A KITCHEN
CABINET. CALL IN AND SEE ME
WHEN IN TOWN.

J. R. AIRTH

INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE

Alberta Hall Insurance Board

and

Western Union Fire

FARMERS FOR SALE

Farm Listings Wanted

PHONE R507

Pest Control Products

WE HAVE A COMPLETE RANGE OF PRODUCTS FOR THE CONTROL OF FLIES AND OTHER INSECT PESTS

D.D.T. BARN SPRAY
Quarts .80c Gals .25c

D.D.T. 25% Concentrate
10 ozs. \$1.75
Barn and Animal spray, makes up to 2½ gallons of spray.

Fly-Kill with D.D.T.
8 ozs. 25¢ 16 ozs 45¢
For Household use.

AEROSOL BOMB
WITH D. D. T. \$4.98
Sufficient for over 100 empty rooms (Retail of \$1.70 on empty bomb)

Ant and Roach Powder
WITH D. D. T. 50¢
In convenient puffer package.

Atox-Derris Powder
For Cabbage worms, etc. Non-poisonous and very efficient.

BERLONI
16 oz. \$1.35

For moth proofing woolens, etc. Guaranteed—Stops moth damage for 5 years or Berloni pays the damage.

THE ABOVE ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PRODUCTS WE CARRY FOR THE CONTROL OF PESTS IF YOU HAVE ANY PROBLEM CONSULT US — MAYBE WE CAN HELP YOU

**Edlund's
DRUG STORE**
THE REXALL STORE
Crossfield, Alta.
Phone 8

H. McDonald and Son

MASSEY-HARRIS FARM MACHINERY

Cream Separators, Milking Machines, Home Freezers

STUDEBAKER CARS and TRUCKS
REO TRUCKS

SALES AND SERVICE

H. McDonald & Son

Crossfield, Alberta

**Minister Outlines
Bird Laws**

The Honorable J. Allison Glen, Minister of Mines and Resources, Ottawa has just issued the regulations regarding the migratory birds for the current year.

A summary of the regulations as they apply to Alberta follows.

OPEN SEASONS

Both dates inclusive.

WILSON'S SNipe

Throughout the province from 1 half hour before sunrise on September 14th to one half hour after sunset on November 9th.

DUCKS and GEES other than Ross's Geese) **RAILS and COOTS**

In that part of Alberta lying north of the right bank of the Athabasca River going down the stream to its intersection with the north boundary of Township #3 and north of the north boundary of Township #3 from the Athabasca River to its intersection with the interprovincial boundary between Alberta and Saskatchewan. From one half hour before sunrise on September 7th to one half hour after sunset on November 21st.

On the left bank of the province of Alberta. From one half hour before sunrise on September 14th to one half hour after sunset on November 28th.

There is a closed season throughout the year on Eider Ducks, Wood Ducks, Swans, Ross's Goose, Cranes, All Shore birds except Wilson's Snipe and all migratory non-game and insectivorous birds.

Migratory birds killed during the open season may be possessed in Alberta at anytime, but the onus of proof that birds thus possessed were lawfully killed shall be on the person having the birds in his possession.

In any day, ducks, 15; of which not more than 8 shall be species other than Mallards; Geese 6; Coots and Rails 25; Wilson's Snipe 100.

No one shall have in his possession at any one time more than 60 ducks.

GUNS, APPLIANCES, HUNTING METHODS

FORBIDDEN—The use of an automatic (auto-loading) gun, or swivel or machine gun, or battery, or rifle or shot gun loaded with a single bullet or any gun larger than number 10 gauge, or any weapon other than a gun or bow and arrow and the use of live birds as decoys, or any airplane, power boat, sail boat, or night light, and shooting from any motor or wheeled vehicle, or a vehicle to which a draught animal is attached. The hunting of migratory birds by the use or aid of baiting with grain or other artificial food is prohibited.

The shooting of migratory birds earlier than one-half hour before sunrise or later than one-half hour after sunset is prohibited.

The penalty for violation of the migratory bird laws, is a fine of not more than three hundred dollars and not less than ten dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or both fine and imprisonment.

COUNCIL MEETINGS

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the

RE HALL
on the

First Monday of each

month

commencing at 8:00 p.m.

Education to be Still Higher Says Official

In order to clarify just what is happening in Olds in respect to education and where it would all end, the Gazette this week phoned the Deputy Minister of Education at Edmonton and had an interview, mainly with respect to the cutting of the grant here and the fact that we were paying over 50% of our taxes for school purposes.

Mr. W. H. Swift, in replying to the question as to where it would all end, stated that we could expect education to become still higher. He said that the departmental grants does not necessarily mean that some other educational will get the benefit. In fact, he intimated that more events were being reviewed than were being increased throughout the province.

We require to suggest that eventually education would have to become a Dominion matter in order to level it out to the best advantage of the taxpayer and he said that was the ultimate hope.

He mentioned that the real cause of the increase in cost of education in the past few years had been the rise in teacher's salaries, justified as it may be, nearly 40% since the war years.

He saw no hope of the situation easing up any, but mentioned that those responsible for education in the provinces were making efforts to get increased grant monies from some source or other, but as yet nothing had been found.

Mr. Swift was told of the situation here and said that it was occurring in other places as well and apparently he had no solution for the problem.

From the Olds Gazette

Suspend Licenses of Car Drivers

Four drivers' licenses have been suspended in Alberta this year for various causes according to information received from the provincial secretary's department by the Alberta Motor Association.

During the month of last year the number suspended was 68.

Provincial legislation provides that motorists have power to suspend drivers' licenses when a conviction has been made for violation of the law ad such a course appears desirable in the circumstances.

Margaret Wickerson is relieving at the Teller's wicket at the Bank of Commerce while Maxine Mair is on holidays.

A baseball game will be held on the Fair grounds on Sunday afternoon between the Crossfield and East Community teams. First game starts at 1:30. Come out and support your team.

*** CHURCH SERVICES**
CROSSFIELD BAPTIST CHURCH
Sunday morning service at 11 a.m.
Bible school at 12:00.

Prayer Service and Bible Study on Wednesday at 7:30.

Rev. J. W. MacDonald, Minister
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION
Morning prayer at 11 a.m.

Rev. J. M. Roe, rector

FOUND—A bay Shetland pony. Harry May, Crossfield.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

ROSEBUD HEALTH UNIT Well Baby and Incubation clinics will be held once a month as follows: Crossfield United Church Parlor, Tuesday evening each month 2 to 4 p.m. These clinics are free. You are cordially invited to attend.

FOR SALE—34-44 Massey Harris Steel Separator. In excellent condition. Apply to A. Hoffman, Dog Pound.

FOR SALE—Four Portable granaries 12x14 and shingled roof. Apply to M. Cameron, Phone 521, Crossfield 4tp.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Yorkshire pigs Gilts and boars. Mrs. M. Vetter, phone 510, Crossfield.

Crossfield Machine Work

Welding - Magnets - Radiators

John Deep - Farm Implements

Steinberg - Brand - Cutters

PHONE 22 Crossfield

LOCAL NEWS

A. W. Gordon is away adjusting hall losses in the Drumheller district.

Garnet O'Neill has not been well of late and is undergoing a medical check-up in Calgary.

Mrs. Art Westworth returned home on Saturday after undergoing an operation in a Calgary hospital.

Miss Alice Hell, Miss Gladys Ruddy and Lorne McColl returned last week after attending summer school at Edmonton.

Mr. Art Westworth is out and around again without his crutches, the result of a right leg in his leg cast caused by an engine crack when the tractor became.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hall accompanied by their daughters, the Misses Con and Alice and Mrs. Ruth McColl left on Wednesday to spend a few days in Banff.

Nearing completion is the large double garage Everett Bills is building just west of his home.

The driveway in orange and white is most attractive and the building itself is classy. Contractor Carl Becker is doing the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Armstrong returned to their home at Beverly Hills on Tuesday after spending a few days at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. D. Onikes and Mr. Onikes.

Ken Borbridge has taken over the management of the Parish and Hymucker elevator here, and has moved his family into the house recently vacated by the J. H. Reeves family.

The decoration day service sponsored by the Oddfellows and Rebekahs on Sunday last was well attended. A short service by the Lodge was held in the Crossfield church and some fifteen to twenty cars full of people went to the cemetery and placed flowers on a large number of graves.

The hall storm on Tuesday evening did further damage to a strip just north of here. This makes three in a row for a number of farmers in this area and the best of them are feeling the pinch.

MISS AUSTRALIA

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the

RE HALL
on the

First Monday of each

month

commencing at 8:00 p.m.

For printing of all Descriptions. See HARRY MAY.

LIPSETT and COLLIER
BARRISTERS and SOLICITORS

310 Grain Exchange Bldg.

CALGARY

Oliver Hotel
Crossfield — Alberta

A Good Place To Stay

Charles F. Bowen

Proprietor

Phone 54

Fred Becker

Crossfield Alta.

TINSMITH
Every kind of Sheet Metal Work.

Attention Farmers

MORE PEOPLE THAN EVER

ARE PUTTING FRESH FRUIT IN THEIR LOCKER.

SAVE ON SUGAR AND TIME

DO IT THE FROZEN FOOD WAY

WE CAREY A COMPLETE LINE OF

FRESH AND CURED MEATS and FISH

WE ARE BUYERS OF HIDES and Poultry

COLD STORAGE LOCKERS

W. J. Rowlett, Manager

DUE TO THE EXTREME

Shortage of Teachers

THE OLDS SCHOOL DIVISION NO. 31 solicits applications for teachers and for supervisors of correspondence courses.

Those interested apply to S. J. Gilson, Sec.-Treas. Didsbury, Alberta

Used Machinery

1 22-36 TRACTOR ON STEEL

2 NO. 11 INTERNATIONAL COMBINES

These are priced right and have a lot of work left in them.

TIME TO LOOK OVER YOUR BINDER

We have the Repair Parts NOW --- Later may be Too Late

William Laut

The International Man

BUILDING SUPPLIES

Building materials of all kinds are very scarce—in fact some just don't exist!

HOWEVER—we are in position to supply most common grades of Boards, Shiplap and Dimensions for ordinary needs, and WE'LL DO OUR BEST to supply other items as they become available.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

H. R. Fitzpatrick

Crossfield, Alberta

Britain Plans To Develop Her Tourist Trade

LONDON.—Great Britain's tourist industry is facing the tremendous task of rehabilitation with confidence and considerable restraint. Because it is a task that will take some time Britain is not inviting a flow of tourist traffic before 1947, and the slogan for the industry now is "Come to Britain next year and not this."

Those who must visit England in 1946 will be required to give compelling reasons, and who can get shopping or plane space will be welcome to the best the country can give. However, only in the spirit of hospitality will this reach pre-war standards. Food and housing accommodations will still be on an austere basis, though somewhat improved over wartime standards.

While British hotel men are rebuilding the 24,000 hotels and licensed premises destroyed or damaged by bombing and reconstruction, these buildings replete with the Government and its Allies, they are planning to rebuild as well the spirit and pace and the conveniences with which they catered to visitors. They have come to realize that through the GI who was stationed here during the war of the potentialities of the tourist traffic. And they have learned from him what pre-war tourists could have told them—that there were no satisfied with old-world plumbing and the slow methods of waiters, chambermaids and bellboys.

It is popularly supposed that English cooking will remove any appetite at a glance and that watery brusque soups and watery broths will be cooked here. That is not true, but it was true that too often visitors to England were confronted with meals that did not reflect credit on the cooks. That is one of the things that will improve in the future.

British manufacturers of excellent beds, but in the past such beds were not found in the majority of hotels. They will be in the future because hoteliers have at last realized that the client who lies uneasy is unlikely to sleep well.

All this is beginning to be understood here and hoteliers have banded together to advertise through the Government-sponsored British Travel Association what they have to offer in the way of accommodations, meals and amenities.

The British Travel Association received nearly 20,000 applications for overseas membership—the bulk of them from the United States—in response to a recent offer extending honorary membership to service men and women who served in Britain during the war.

FRILLY CLOTHING

British Women May Soon Buy More Attractive Garments

LONDON.—Frills, furbelows, pleats, pockets and buttons will soon bedeck British women's clothing once more, relieving the wartime austerity designs.

It will be autumn or winter before the new goods reach the shops.

Price-controlled utility coats, tunics and frocks will be slightly more expensive due to the extra working hours involved in non-austerity styles. The increase will be approximately 15 per cent. on each garment.

Austerity regulations, first introduced in 1942, limited the number of pleats, buttons and pockets on any article of clothing, and stopped the use of frills, lace trimmings and all kinds of trimming. The object was to save material and labor.

Austerity restrictions have also been lifted from underwear but alterations are still limited. Frills and ruched and trimmed with little bows, manufacturers are unable to make anything extremely elaborate as lace is still unobtainable for the home market.

NEED COAT OF PAINT

Buildings All Over Britain Are Looking Pretty Shabby

Wherever you travel in Britain, one thing strikes the eye immediately: the whole country needs a good coat of paint. In the blighted, pockmarked paintwork of stores and houses, office buildings and railway stations symbolizes the austerity of living which is the influencing factor and the main topic of conversation among Britons since the war. It is in process of being demolished now—you can buy glossy paint in a limited number of shades in most stores. But the painters were called up, too; and they aren't being demobilized yet. Most of them are out of uniform have all been directed into new building projects, and it is still almost impossible to get small redecorating work done.

WASTE PAPER WANTED

BRISTOL, ENGLAND.—British burns 100,000 tons of waste paper a year, while Finland and Sweden are asked to send waste paper to Britain, said J. C. Dawes, Board of Trade Director of Salvage, here recently.

World News In Pictures :-



AIRMAN KILLED—Death of a hero son has been revealed to the mother of Flying Officer Roy Carter, of Burketon, Ont., by letters from Holland. The youthful airman was captured and then shot by the German gestapo after his plane was downed.



\$125,000 SPIDER BITE—Publicity stunt by Hal Roach to boost a recent movie backfire when shapely Beverly Loyd, posing with four black widow spiders, claims one of the animals bit her. Now Beverly is suing Roach for \$150,000.



FLEDGLING LAWYERS WERE WAR PRISONERS—Graduates at Osgoode Hall law school, Toronto, included these three former prisoners-of-war who spent considerable time in German hands. Left to right, James Russell Turnbull, William Walter Cameron and Robert Wright Davies. Turnbull passed exams while in prison camp.



ONE HAND, NO LEGS, SOLDIER DRIVES CAR—Exploding German bombs cost Edward J. Wilkie, of the Essex Scottish Regiment, his right hand and both legs. Now owner of an acre of land just outside Kitchener, Ont., he recently planted six bags of potatoes. Today he is driving his car, walking and working in his garden. Last November, one year after he was wounded, he married Helen Wendell. Wilkie is shown seated in his car while his wife looks on.



TAXIMAN PLAYS LUCKY HUNCH—Taxi-driver Harry Halpern, Toronto, took a suspicious "fare" to a police station. Searching the car, police found this rock, "possibly to knock my brains out with," signed Halpern, afterward. "Fare" booked on attempted robbery.



SEEKS CONGRESS SEAT—Mrs. Martha Sharp, housewife of Wellesley, Mass., won the Democratic nomination for congress in the 11th district of Massachusetts. She will oppose Republican Minority Leader Joseph W. Martin in November election.



DEPUTY-FUEHLER'S STENO—Fraulein Else Kreuger, former secretary to deputy-fuehrer Martin Bormann, has told Allied authorities she is convinced that her boss is dead. She said he was "too stupid" to have remained in hiding successfully for so long. She now works as a clerk in Hamburg.



BUSH FLIER SAVED—Bush pilot O. F. Kingdon, of Kapuskasing, Ont., narrowly escaped death when he was forced to make an emergency water landing in Twin lakes near Nakina. Kingdon had just taken off when a terrific cross-wind made him lose control. He swam to shore from the wreckage.

STILL HAS VISTORS

But League Of Nations Buildings In Geneva Are Deserted

GENEVA—The League of Nations, which once was a powerful international unit, has come down to \$100,000 worth of empty buildings sentry by a lone, vain-glorious peacock.

This white, deserted village, where the initial bid for world peace failed, was once a beautiful spot on the edge of Lake Geneva's shimmering waters.

On this farm dozens of peacocks walked in spread-tailed wonder as men built a whitewashed citadel of peace and co-operation in the pleasure grounds.

The peacocks gawked from green hedges as famous men from many lands met to bargain and palaver. One by one, the peacocks died. Now only one is left. The lone bird appears to mean nothing to this peacock but it does call to others who walk through this forlorn world capital and think of all the graves filled by its failure.

Before the Second Great War began, thousands of tourists flocked daily through these vast chambers and colorful gardens. Some 300 visitors daily still walk along the empty corridors, but it is as if they trod some old mausoleum.

The peacock's painted feathers are still slick and shiny now. Little dust has collected in the hundreds of offices and ornate committee rooms. With \$2,500,000 spent yearly for upkeep during the war years it was no difficult problem to keep the league's home clean.

U.N. Is Moving To Site Of N.Y. Fair Grounds

NEW YORK—The business of molding the world of tomorrow will be transferred to the original site of "the World of Tomorrow"—the old world's fair grounds—when the United Nations general assembly moves to its international home, Flushing Meadow Park, in September.

On a portion of the 1,200-acre tract where 45,000,000 sightseers gaped at the wonderous things to come, delegates from the 51 United Nations will be gathered in a peaceful world to put them in. At the moment, all that's left of the wonders is an overgrown wasteland of tangled shrubs and bushes covering the former gay, fluorescent-lighted grounds.

The U.N. area centres around the New York City Building, filled with municipal exhibits during the fair, and later turned into two mammoth ice and roller skating rinks.

From the front of the building delegates will walk down what used to be the fountain-lined Constitution Mall, and straight over to the spot where millions marveled at the mighty fire and waterworks displays in the Lagoon of Nations. The Court of Peace and its impressive intersecting colonnades, searchlights, is no more, and the League of Nations Building, as well as the others, has been torn down.

Some 300 workmen are getting the City Building and a surrounding area, about 250 feet in radius, in shape for the U.N.

Symbolically, the ground now being smoothed from tangled grass to velvet-smooth lawns and flower beds includes the "time capsule" buried during the fair to give future generations an idea of what we were like.

The U.N. will meet just a few hundred yards from the spot where 10,000,000-volt electric lightning flashes were produced for the awe of the fairgoers, and just across the vicinity those wondrous sights as television demonstrations, the robot which spoke under the aegis of the telephone company, and the men with apparently bottomless lungs who produced vases and other vessels from molten glass.

New York's buildings and the surrounding grounds are being furnished by the city at a cost of more than \$1,000,000, and the U.N. is spending more than \$300,000 on equipment. Big job is being done by a contracting company is converting the armchair skating rinks into an auditorium which will seat more than 2,000.

The 420x200-foot building, now dotted with sawhorses, wheelbarrows and green workmen, is being divided in the middle. The building side is being built to floor level with what the workmen call "shredded wheat" blocks and concrete, and will accommodate committee rooms, a lounge, cloakrooms and a foyer. The roof rim is being covered and converted into the bushy hill proper. It will be flanked with movies, television and radio.

"REMEMBRANCE DAY"

Will Be Observed In Britain On Nov. 10 This Year

LONDON—Sir Alexander M. Attlee told the House of Commons today, Nov. 10, will be observed this year as "Remembrance Day" for the dead of both Great Wars. The King will conduct an unveiling ceremony at the Cenotaph.

Mr. Attlee said it had been agreed that the Sunday before Nov. 11 in each year should be known as Remembrance Sunday. However, in case Nov. 11 or 12 fell on Sunday, then the date would be Remembrance Sunday.

The dates "1939-1945" would be added to the Cenotaph, which now bears the dates only of the First Great War.

On Remembrance Sunday the world will observe its national observance at 11 a.m. at the Cenotaph, with the traditional two minutes' silence. Hitherto this ceremony has always taken place on Nov. 11—the date of the 1918 Armistice, regardless of on what day of the week it falls.

Items Of Interest

Approximately 19 per cent. of house accidents occur within the yard, somewhere outside the house.

Between 1940 and 1943, the death rate from appendicitis dropped nearly 40 per cent. in the United States.

Oranges were first brought into Europe from China by the Portuguese in 1547.

It has been estimated that the odds against a person in the temperate zones being struck by lightning are 1,200,000 to 1.

Snowflakes falling against a rapidly moving plane can cause sufficient static electricity to interfere with radio reception.

Plans Have Been Made For Canada's Post-War Army To Ensure Our Future Security

The following is the text of a speech prepared by a senior western military officer on the post-war Canadian Army: "The Government has announced that Canada will maintain her Defence Forces during this period of peace. We felt that most business men have had little time to study the press releases about the plans for Canada's post-war defence forces, and that a short comprehensive talk might help to clarify the situation. With this in mind, we have arranged a series of lectures to businessmen's organizations throughout the prairie command, and this is one of those lectures."

Since I am not qualified to speak about the Navy and Air Force, I am going to tell you about the post-war Army, with particular reference to the future plans for the unit's in your community.

In order to provide the background for our plans for the post-war army, first, let me tell you something about the army as it was in pre-war days. There are relatively few people in Canada who fully realize the difficult days which our pre-war permanent force, the Royal Canadian Active Militia encountered during the days of peace between the two great wars. Some people in this audience may remember, however, the NPAM drilling with wooden guns, and having a series of parades in which they marched on the ground by two men each holding on to the end of a long rope. Some may remember also NPAM soldiers bringing their uniforms on parade, wrapped in a brown paper parcel, changing into uniforms for parade or back into civilian clothes for when they went home. It is a shameful thing to say, but in many towns NPAM soldiers were scoffed at and ridiculed by the general public for being in uniform at all, so that they did not wish to be seen in the King's uniform.

In spite of the stumbling blocks placed before these soldiers by an apathetic public, they did carry out a marvelous job. They continued to expand themselves until, in Sept. 1939, when we found ourselves at war, there was a small nucleus of partially trained men in every community throughout the country. It was around this NPAM nucleus, that the units of the Royal Canadian Army were built. The spirit and endurance of these men in the NPAM deserve great praise from all Canadians, and we should be thankful that there were some men in Canada who were willing enough to realize that there was a possibility, and that trained troops would be required in the future.

In spite of their magnificent effort, the personnel of the NPAM were at best only partly trained in Sept. 1939. They had been learning modern equipment; units were well below war strength in personnel, and the paltry financial allotment was not in any way sufficient. Barracks opened like crazy in Dec. 1942, it was not until July, 1944, that the complete formation of the First Canadian Army went into the field in battle. Three or four years is a long period of time to allow a country to organize and train its fighting formations. It is strange that a progressive country like ours, which has allowed itself to sink into such a pacific state to be totally unprepared for a major war, as we were

Enduring Beauty



By Alice Brooks

Simple motifs will be treasured when you embroider them in well lasting cutwork. They will look lovely and last forever.

These motifs so effective in cut-work can be done in plain embroidery. Pattern 7228 is 2 1/2 inches wide by 2 1/2 inches high. Materials needed: 22 motifs 2 x 2 to 4 x 15 inches.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in postage stamps to Alice Brooks, Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.



CRAWL STROKE FROWNS UPON IN SWIMMING — Swimming champions like Marian and Virginia Hopkins, holders of 29 world and national titles, show that beauty and physical fitness go hand-in-hand with the sport of swimming. Beach scenes like this are duplicated throughout the country as Canadians flock to waterfronts to escape the heat, get some valuable tan and generally enjoy the water. The crawl stroke is declared to be an open invitation to sinus trouble, with bacteria driven back into the submerged internal ear and nose passages.

serve forces on a liberal scale, and further than that, continue research and development into new fields of weapons and equipment will be made. As new weapons and equipment are constructed, tested and proven sound, they will be issued to units to place that which they hold...

As I mentioned before, the Active Force is to be relatively small. Actively it is proposed to maintain an active force of 60,000 personnel, which is a large increase over the pre-war 5,000. The active force will be composed of the various headquarters, training establishments, and administrative units, but the main striking force of the active force will be a brigade group of between 5,000 and 6,000 personnel.

Before the Reserve Force will be the predominant portion of the Canadian Army, and should we be forced to again mobilize, we will have to rely on these citizen soldiers all across the country. The Reserve Force will be large—it is intended to recruit 60,000 part-time civilian citizens in the various units which have been localized in every major centre across Canada.

A word about Prairie Command. Prairie Command is one of the five commands established across Canada. It comprises Divisions 10 and 12, that is Western Ontario, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan. The Command headquarters is a small operational headquarters and is located in Winnipeg. The Military Districts continue to have their headquarters located in Winnipeg and Regina.

ELECTRIC PARIS ROAD
PARIS—Work has begun on electrifying 320 miles of railroad line from Paris to Lyons, at a cost of \$25,300,000.



A LUCKY PET TO HAVE COMPLETE WARDROBE—“Nippy” boasts of a complete wardrobe and rides around Buffalo, N.Y., hauled by his mistress, Mrs. James E. Clancy. In winter, the pet rides in a sleigh.

The Intriguing Story Of A Fabulously Rich Gold Mine For Which Miners Sought In Vain

(From an article by Senator D. E. Riley of High River, Alberta, in the Alberta Folklore Quarterly)

THERE IS a fascination in stories of lost mines and lost men. There is the famous Morden mine somewhere in the heart of the sawtoothed Rockies, for which men have searched for 40 years only to have it elude them and leave a trail of bleached wolf-gnawed skeletons behind. And then there is the famed Lost Lemon Mine of Southern Alberta for which prospectors have sought through the years in vain.

In the Spring of 1870 a party

prospectors left Tobacco Plains in Montana to prospect the North Saskatchewan River for gold. Among them were two men, known as Blackjack and Lemon. Blackjack had the reputation of being a good prospector in his day, while Lemon was the real discoverer of the Caribou diggings in British Columbia. These two men were staked by Lafayette French, an oldtime Indian trader and buffalo hunter.

Leaving a Saskatchewan party that decided to travel south in a large half-bred head headed by La Nose which would afford them protection against hostile Blackfeet. Finally the parties split, the two prospectors following an old Indian lodge pole trail. High on the trail, near Tobacco Plains while La Nose headed for Stand Off. As they proceeded Blackjack and Lemon found likely showings of gold in the river. Following the mountain stream toward the headwater they discovered rich diggings of grass roots to bedrock. They struck a picket line, bringing their cayuses in from the picket line where they accidentally discovered the ledge from which the gold came.

Traders who saw samples of this rock at Fort Benton described it as rock of the same quality as the gold found in the valley of the Missouri. It was declared to be an open invitation to sinus trouble, with bacteria driven back into the submerged internal ear and nose passages.

In camp that night the two prospectors got into an angry argument as to whether they should take the find and return in the Spring or camp right there, which almost led to blows. After a long and noisy discussion in their blankets, Lemon stealthily crawled out, seized an ax and split the head of his sleeping partner.

Overwhelmed with panic, when the two prospectors realized the gravity of their mistake, they behaved like animals, and ran screaming through the woods. Lemon would have fled the spot, but was afraid to leave till daylight. Instead, he built a huge fire and with his gun beneath his arm strode to gun like a caged beast till dawn. The smoke from the gun and the black eye had witnessed the tragedy from the cover of the surrounding bush. Two young Stoney braves, William and Daniel Bendow, had trailed the pair, had watched them sink the horses and seen the discovery of the gold.

With the first streak of dawn Lemon mounted his cayuse and hit the trail across the mountain. Meanwhile the two Stoney ran-sacked the camp, took the two remaining cayuses and set out for the Stoney village at Medicine Hat where they reported the find and went to Chief Bearpaw. Fearful of what the old chief awoke the young men to evaluate the secret.

Doctors passed the magnet down the boy's throat and successfully extracted the nail from his stomach.

OLD DUTCH BIBLES

Dusty shelves and cobwebbed attics throughout South Africa are being searched for old Dutch Bibles. These old books, put away when superseded by the modern Afrikaans Bibles, are in demand once again. They are wanted by the churches in Holland, to replace hundreds of thousands destroyed by the Nazis.

When Lemon arrived at Tobacco Plains he confessed his crime to the priest, an old friend of his. He had with him the gold they had found on the day of the killing, as well as a number of stones they had collected from the recollection of his life.

Promptly the priest despatched a half-breath mountain man named John McDougall to the scene of the tragedy. McDougall found the spot where Blackjack rested a mound of stones over the grave to keep off prowling wolves, and returned to Tobacco Plains. No sooner had he left than Bearpaw's braves tore down the mound of stones, gathered them up and observed the signs of murder. How well they did their work is indicated by the fact that through succeeding years, the secret has remained so well hidden that the spot has yet to be re-discovered.

All that winter Lemon remained with the Indians on the borderline of insanity. Menstrual words of the rich had spread far and wide, and as soon as it was possible to travel in the Spring a large party of miners, guided by Lemon, set out to re-locate the mine.

But this was against them. Though Lemon scoured the gulches and hillsides he declared he was unable to locate the spot, only to be accused by the angry miners of deliberately misleading them. In the heated quarrel that ensued, Lemon, threatened with death at the hands of the Indian men, suddenly became violently insane.

He went to his brother's ranch in Texas where he lived many years

having lucid intervals, but never fully recovering his reason.

Next year the priest outfitting a party from Tobacco Plains. The leader was to be John McDougall who had buried Blackjack. McDougall, who was over at Fort Benton, was sent to the West side of the mountains to Crows Nest Lake, and they were to proceed north from there. McDougall left Fort Benton to keep his appointment, but at Fort Kipp, a drake, he was taken ill.

Left alone, a Saskatchewan party decided to travel south in a large half-bred head headed by La Nose which would afford them protection against hostile Blackfeet. Finally the parties split, the two prospectors following an old Indian lodge pole trail. High on the trail, near Tobacco Plains while La Nose headed for Stand Off. As they proceeded Blackjack and Lemon found likely showings of gold in the river.

Following the mountain stream toward the headwater they discovered rich diggings of grass roots to bedrock. They struck a picket line, bringing their cayuses in from the picket line where they accidentally discovered the ledge from which the gold came.

Traders who saw samples of this rock at Fort Benton described it as rock of the same quality as the gold found in the valley of the Missouri. It was declared to be an open invitation to sinus trouble, with bacteria driven back into the submerged internal ear and nose passages.

In camp that night the two prospectors got into an angry argument as to whether they should take the find and return in the Spring or camp right there, which almost led to blows.

The hothead, that had hunted French continued to dog his footsteps to the very last. In a fire of mysterious origin that destroyed the Emerson House on the night of his return from his last unhappy expedition, French was severely burned. On the same evening, he had written a letter to a friend at Fort Benton and posted it at the Bar U Ranch. Evidently it was written in a state of exaltation and excitement. He had at last, safely located it and was coming to High River in a couple of days to tell him everything and enlist his help.

On his arrival he was unable to talk before he died, as if he had finally solved the problem which had occupied so many years of his life, the secret died with him.

Numerous attempts have been made since that time to relocate the mine, the most notable one as recently as 1938. The searchers say that nothing will be found east of the mountains, but geologists designate a tract of land between Crows Nest Lake and Mist Mountain, the headwaters of the Highwood river, as a disturbed area in which precious metals might be discovered.

If one were to believe the stories that have drifted down from the early days, the search for this hidden treasure has claimed more than BlackJack's life. There is the story of a white man's skeleton found in the gap of the Old Man River, the bony fingers still clutching a bag of gold. That is the story of two men, both badly wounded, stopping over night in a deep, dark mountain foothill. They carried gold dust and were fleeing from the West. They rode away next morning for Fort McLeod, but never arrived. Had they rediscovered the lost Lemon Mine only to be followed and killed by Indians?

Jet Engine Speedboat

Sir Malcolm Campbell To Use New Design In An Attempt To Break Record

LONDON—Sir Malcolm Campbell said that he will use a jet engine in an attempt next autumn to break his own world speedboat record. Sir Malcolm set the record at 141 miles per hour in August, 1939.

Sir Malcolm said a jet engine never before has been fitted to a boat, and "experiments are now being carried out in a tank in a wind tunnel, aerodynamics play a very big part in the speeds we hope to reach," he explained.

ONE HORN, TWO HORSES
TACOMA, Wash.—This is Bob Fitch's fab story. He saw two calves thrashing about in shallow water. He dipped his hook beneath one; snagged it by the jaw, and when he jerked the line—the other calf came up, too; caught in the mouth of the first.

BACK IN HOCKEY MAJORS
Philadelphia will rejoin the American Hockey League next season, according to a statement signed by the annual general meeting at New York Monday. Fredrick of New Haven, Conn., was re-elected president.

RECORD SHOWS THAT CANADIAN PRIME MINISTERS LIVE LONG

With One Exception, All Have Died
Over The Age Of Seventy

The fact that Mr. Mackenzie King passed even the long record in office of Sir John A. Macdonald serves to remind Canadians that their Prime Minister is not the youngest, but it should also remind them of the fact that being Prime Minister of Canada seems to prolong the life rather than to abridge it. Canadian Prime Ministers have a custom of dying full of years.

The record shows that Canada has had eleven Prime Ministers since Confederation. It is true that some held office for only brief periods. Yet all were men who had been subjected through many years to the strain of public office. It appears that, with only one single exception, Canadian Prime Ministers have died over the age of seventy. The single exception is Sir John Thompson, who, at the age of 50, dropped dead in Windsor Castle a few minutes after having been made a Privy Councillor.

The comparatively early end of Sir John Thompson seems to emphasize the longevity of his predecessors and successors. For of the other seven Prime Minister who are now dead, four died in their seventies, one in his eighties, two in their nineties. Two former Prime Ministers are living—both in their seventies.

Even eminent medical authorities, who have shaken dubious heads over the expectancy of Prime Ministers, have themselves had to be buried in prison if not ashamed. Sir William Osler once pronounced Sir Charles Tupper to be a very sick man. Some twenty years later, while attending a ceremony at the Cathedral at Antwerp, someone tapped him on the shoulder. On turning around, he saw Sir Charles, who smiled sweetly and said: "Not dead yet?" That was in 1901, when Sir Charles was 80. He lived to die in 1915, when he was 95 years.

If the record of Canadian Prime Ministers is placed beside that of the Presidents of the United States, the comparison is definitely favorable to Canada. Since the Civil War (a period approximately equal to that of the Dominion of Canada) the average age of the Presidents has been only 62.4 years.

There is contrast in another particular. For three Presidents have lost their lives through assassination, whereas no Canadian Prime Minister has yet had the opportunity to fall a violent death.

There must be some explanation for the longevity of those who head Canada's governmental system. Perhaps, as the Gazette suggests, it is the pure air of Parliament Hill. Or nothing more than the continual change of the Canadian political science—Montreal Gazette.

Fashions



A really lightweight woolen suit is the perfect preparation for a summer suit, one that is nice on cooler days for commuting to town, and good for long distance travel too. Navy with white stripes used horizontally as well as vertically, used to this nice suit that figure effect. The vertical lines for the yoke effect. A soft tie closes at the waist. The skirt is slim and straight and the back of the jacket is slightly boused.

RIVAL PEPFACHEER WINS
GALESBURG, Kansas.—The Rev. Leonard F. Murphy of the Christian Church offered a prize to the person bringing the most neighbors to an evening service. The Rev. Robert Alexander, Methodist minister, won the prize. He dismised his church and led his entire congregation over to the Christian Church.

Pottery making is one of the oldest forms of human industry. 2000

Forced Out Of Blazing Building, Farmer Is Charged With Murder



When a sheriff and his brother Frank Morris were killed by gunfire, John Morris, Cambridge, Ill., farmer, refused to surrender. Here a policeman fires at farmhouse where he took refuge.

As the afternoon gun battle continued, fire broke out at the rear of the farmhouse owned by Frank Morris. Later charged with his murder and that of Sheriff Byron Pierce, John Morris fought off police. Routed from the burning farmhouse, he was taken to jail by Illinois state police.

Lightning Casualties

Anywhere Indoors Is Better Than The Open

The chance of not being struck by lightning is approximately 365,000 to 1, says Dr. J. D. McCann, Westinghouse engineer who specializes in lightning. Safety Council figures show that the chances against your being fatally injured in an accident in your home are only about 4,200 to 1, and in an auto accident only 3,600 to 1. In the open, 40 persons will probably be killed by lightning this year, about 33,000 in household accidents and about 40,000 on the nation's highways.

Most lightning casualties occur in rural towns and in rural communities, according to Dr. McCann. The open is relatively safe, chiefly because he seldom has far to go to reach shelter. Besides, the shelter is bigger and safer. Because steel skeletons of skyscrapers serve as electrical conductors, tall buildings of a city afford almost complete protection.

The ordinary city dwelling is a pretty good haven. Thunderbolts strike hundreds of such buildings and houses every year, but the sides attract lightning into the ground. The structure is undamaged and the occupants are unaware that anything has happened.

Almost anywhere indoors is preferable to being out in the open when a storm is raging.

Service Restricted

How One Person Can Deal With Climbers For Beseiged People

TORONTO.—One rural delegate told the Canadian Postmen's Association annual meeting how he solved the problem of certain companies sending out circulars to long-distance clients.

"The first couple of times the letters arrived," he said, "I returned them in the regular manner. The third time they came I made a list of the company's deceased clients and sent it back with a note which said: 'If you have a traveller who has gone into the great beyond send him the list.' Our department doesn't go that far."

A cayman is a species of alligator.



SLAYER SOUGHT—Detectives of Scotland Yard are seeking the slayer of Miss Elizabeth MacLindon, 40, a young housekeeper whose body was found in London's famous Belgrave Mansions which she was preparing for Princess Catherine, sister of the King of Greece.

Berry Picker

Machine Invented Which Picks Cranberries

A machine has been invented which picks cranberries by the principle of a vacuum cleaner twice as rapidly as by hand. In tests made last fall in Washington it harvested 250 pounds per hour against 100 pounds picked by the average hand. A special hose sucks the berries off the vines and carries them into a tank which contains a cleaning attachment which draws off the weeds and dust. The buds are not disturbed.

With the "gremlin" out of the way, the rules of careful driving should be learned by heart and adhered to strictly. Insisted in the recall of the mind is the thorough knowledge of speed limits in the localities that he along selected routes. This can be acquired by diligent inquiry while enroute.

FRESCO UNDAMAGED

'The Last Supper' Leonardo Da Vinci's famous fresco in the Church of Santa Maria delle Grazie, Milan, was undamaged when brick walls, which have protected it against bomb blasts since 1943, were removed recently.

The University of Paris was the model for Oxford and Cambridge.

Auto Tourists

Inquiries For Trip Data And Maps Far Exceed Early Estimates

A host of automobile tourists are already courting over the highways and the migration will continue until the snow flies according to estimates by motor clubs and travel agencies. Inquiries for trip data and maps have mounted to totals that dwarf estimates made earlier in the year, and the end is not in sight.

Expectations to take to the open road has swept in a wave over the nation. Long trips are the order of the day and there are indications that motor tourist travel for 1946 will exceed the past year.

A number of drivers are definitely in the over-age class. And therein lies one of the most important problems which confronts the operator who wishes to have a holiday unmarred by accidents.

A prime requisite is the equipment of the car to make it safe before starting. If in doubt consult the mechanic; it is an excellent axiom, as often it is the hidden unknown flaws which cause sudden breakdowns. Rid the machinery of unnecessary weight and load, and you have a big cargo of potential troubles.

With the "gremlin" out of the way, the rules of careful driving should be learned by heart and adhered to strictly. Insisted in the recall of the mind is the thorough

knowledge of speed limits in the localities that he along selected routes. This can be acquired by diligent inquiry while enroute.

BETTER ODDS

A bookmaker who was ill sent his small son for the family doctor, but it was a strange physician who called.

After the doctor had left, he asked his son for an explanation. "Well, you see, dad," said his son, "there were lots of brass plates on the door and when I got up to the number you gave me, I saw... Consultations 10 to 11, but the chap next door was offering 'Consultations 10 to 11, and I thought you'd like the one that gave the best odds."

To Feel Right — Eat Right



FAMILY ROOTS IN CANADA
Philip Noel-Baker, just named chairman of the Labor party which decides the policy of the present British administration, says he has numerous associations with Canada because "of course my family roots are in Trentham, England." He was born in 1889 but does not speak his name. His father came from Ontario to London in 1876 and became a prominent engineer. It is his ambition to visit western Canada and climb the Rockies, he stated.

MUSCLE-BUILDING MACHINE MADE FROM AIRPLANE TUBING

Has Revolutionized The Concept Of Rebuilding Any Of Larger Groups Of Muscles

A new, improved version of the Delorme muscle-building apparatus, which since its development in 1942 has revolutionized the concept of rebuilding any of the larger groups of muscles, has been constructed at the Ontario Research Foundation's Occupational Centre, Billingsbridge.

The apparatus, built at the Department of Veterans Affairs Institution by Norman MacLaren and Bill Warren of its training staff, is king-size and weighs 1,000 pounds. It consists of plain tubing which can easily be lifted by two men and may be completely dismantled in a couple of minutes.

The apparatus is particularly adapted to building leg and back muscles. Previously physicians achieved this end by prescribing cycling, lifting small weights, et cetera—a high number of repetitions against a low resistance. This was a lengthy process which tended to damage the muscles.

Captain Delorme of the United States Army Medical Corps, who had been a keen student of weight-lifting before he studied medicine, suggested the idea of giant power before endurance. He felt that could be done by training patients with weights—really heavy ones—and developed his own apparatus, designed to exercise muscles slowly against a high resistance. By scientifically introducing the application he achieved faster and more extensive results than older methods produced.

The first of these muscle-building structures to make its appearance in Canada was built by the Royal Canadian Engineers at the Royal Canadian Military Hospital. Although it produced outstanding results, it was a somewhat cumbersome outfit of wood and ordinary pipes. Once set up it was a permanent fixture, for it was not readily dismountable and required several men to move it at all.

Egyptian astronomers had advanced so far they were able to devise a calendar of 365 days 6,000 years ago.

Man Buried In Cave-In Saved By Brother And Fellow-Workmen



The life of David Amis was saved by fellow-workmen when he was buried in this cave-in of a nine-foot deep road excavation on Norway Ave., Toronto.

Amis was completely buried in the cave-in when the men went to his rescue with shovels. The rescued man; his brother, Bill, and Albert Toose; back: John Mowry, Lyle Franklin and Charles Mullin.

The Scribe

BY PUBLIUS

This series of articles is written especially for The Olds Gazette, but the opinions expressed herein are not necessarily those of this publication and we accept no responsibility for views expressed therein.—Ed.

Britain's greatest modern writer of history, H. G. Wells is now dead. But what he wrote will very likely live on, because he wrote in a clear, unmistakable manner, on the basic fundamental problems of man, in this our modern scientific world. This of course applies especially to his most important work, "The Outline of History".

Undoubtedly, Wells popularized History, more than any previous writer. He made it approachable to everyone through his technique of presentation and his sheer matter-of-fact truthfulness. These same millions now read the "Outline", because they feel that here is a clear, unbiased, impartial presentation of mankind's struggle from the very beginning to the present time and it is so comprehensible, so simple. This is a real accomplishment. Few historians have been able to do this.

It is a noteworthy fact that until the advent of Mr. Wells' history was too often a dry, dead subject; merely filling up and recording of events, such as the enumeration of dynasties, the struggles of blood-thirsty kings, and the rise and fall of Empires and of nations.

In this method, there was no definite objective, nothing constructive, and little or no positive effect. To a degree, it is still the method of our schools and universities. But Wells indeed life into the object. He gave History a soul and he gave it a goal.

How did he give History these qualities, and how did he turn it into a living subject? He did this by following in the footsteps of Voltaire, the great French philosopher who said: "Truly the history of the Yorkists and Lancastrians and many others is much like reading the history of robbers. In all nations history is disfigured by fable, till at last philosophy comes to enlighten man; and when it does finally arrive in the midst of that darkness, it finds the human mind so blinded by centuries of error, that it can hardly undeceive it. It finds concealed facts, and monu-

ELKS' FUN FROLIC SEPTEMBER 20, 21

The Olds Elks Lodge No. 100 will hold their annual carnival and Fun Festival in the Aena on Friday and Saturday Sept. 20 and 21. It's the big fun festival of the year. Plan now to visit Coney Island.

HARVEST WORKERS NEEDED!

All available men are needed to assist with harvesting on Alberta farms. Good wages are being offered, with work available in many districts.

FARMERS AND WORKERS

For harvest help, or harvest work, contact any office of the National Employment Service, your District Agriculturist, or Local Labour Representative today.

Dominion Provincial
EDMONTON



Farm Labor Service
ALBERTA

Double - Edged Security

Buy

SAVINGS CERTIFICATES Regularly!

Space Donated by
THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Make a Note of This Date

O.S.A. Make Many Improvements Priority Basis for New Enrolment

Applications for admittance to regular courses at the Schools of Agriculture for the term commencing next October 22nd, have now been reviewed by the Appropriate Committee.

The Schools at Olds and Vermilion have applications for almost double the number that can be accommodated in the dormitories and class rooms. Priority is therefore being given to the applications of Manitoba and Ontario.

Cecil Noad in Agriculture, Joyce Mitchell, Mary Parkinson and Isabelle Phillips in Home Economics, Rosetta Moore of Garfield will be taking the two-in-one course in agriculture together with Lois Moore of Olds.

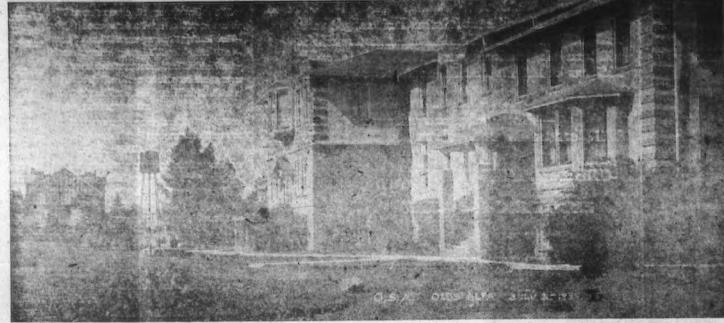
Many prospective students have applied for admission to the O.S.A. from other provinces, especially from Saskatchewan, British Columbia, and Ontario. Enquiries are being given to the applications of Manitoba and Ontario.

Santiago. The Second Year students from other provinces who are completing their courses are being accepted but no new students will be admitted from the outside.

The Vernon school at present accommodates approximately 160 students but it is hoped that some army huts may be made available for an additional enrolment of some 10 students.

It will also be used as a potting room and as a storage space for bee equipment. It is planned to have the small field just south of the old building cleared and an athletic park on the east and four rounds on the west for use by the public. A hockey rink is to be built east and south of the dormitory. A bowling green and tennis court also come into the plans.

The main entrance to the school



I say this notwithstanding the fact that certain sections of the clergy and not a few pedagogues have long ago condemned this particular work in no uncertain terms. Time has of course proven that their vituperative utterances were somewhat rash, hasty, and ill advised.

The study of this book makes us realize more and more, the need for unification, breadth of view, and impartiality, in historical thought. It makes us realize that any peace in this world will have to be a common peace; that any prosperity we have will be a common prosperity, and that unless our historians, there can be no common peace, or prosperity, without common historical ideas".

TO SEND A ROCKET



Prof. Alexander Ananoff, director of aeronomists at the Sorbonne University, Paris, who hopes to send the first atomic energy rocket ship to Mars, has told the world, knowing well, surveying the future possibilities of nuclear energy, explained that no humans would be aboard the first atomic-plant rocket ship for the binding 10-million-mile "swish" through space. He estimated it would take fifteen days to reach Mars, provided speeds schedules are maintained.

When Johnny Comes Marchin' Home He'll Be Decked in Blue

Britain's new No. 1 army dress has been approved by King George VI, and the military authorities. It will be worn on all occasions when battle dress is unsuitable. From now on, the British postwar army, will be seen on ceremonial parades, for walking out, and for all social events, in very smart dark blue uniforms. These have been made out of prewar material, as the new cloth schedules are maintained.

Mr. Putnam, Minister of Agriculture for British Columbia and his deputy, Dr. Munro, were recent visitors to the O.S.A. Dr. Munro's son, Eric, will be a Second Year student at the school this fall.

Several plans for improvement are being considered for the O.S.A. greenhouse is now under construction and a class room will be built adjacent to it. This class room

mounds is going to be improved. A committee is now working on the details of these changes.

Most of the former staff members will be back at the school this fall. However, a new instructor will replace Mrs. T. Clarke, formerly Miss Anna Alford, Miss Rogers, who has been Dietician at the O.S.A. for good many years will not be returning. As yet, no definite appointments have been made.

A Grain Handling Service

See Alberta Pacific Agents for grain marketing and agricultural information.



The Alberta Pacific Grain Co. (1943) Ltd.

If it's grain... Ask us!

PARRISH & HEIMBECKER LTD.

Grain Receivers, Shippers and Exporters
An old established firm with a reputation
for doing business right.

Head office — Grain Exchange Bldg., Winnipeg.
BRANCHES: CALGARY — TORONTO — MONTREAL

IMPORTANT NOTICE

to all Farmers entered in

\$25,000.00 National Barley Contest

Sponsored by the Brewing and Malting Industries of Canada

BARLEY QUOTA INCREASED

to producers of malting barley



Under new instructions issued by the Canadian Wheat Board "there may be delivered from each farm, covered by a delivery permit book, one full carton of barley accepted by a maltster or shipper and upon which a premium is to be paid for malting purposes."

This means that while the general barley quota remains at ten bushels per acre contestants in the National Barley contest and producers of malting barley obtaining a premium can ship up to one full carton.

A premium of five cents per bushel will be paid
on cartons of barley selected for malting.

Address all correspondence to

NATIONAL BARLEY CONTEST COMMITTEE

206 GRAIN EXCHANGE WINNIPEG